

Worksheet – Laws of Logarithms (Power, Product and Quotient)

Expand the following logarithms.

Use either the power rule, product rule or quotient rule.

1. $\log_2(9^5) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

2. $\log_2(21) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

3. $\log_5\left(\frac{19}{2}\right) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

4. $\log_2(6a) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

5. $\log_3(xy) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

6. $\log_5\left(\frac{a}{3}\right) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

7. $\log_3(5y) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

8. $\log_3(a^{10}) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Expand the following logarithms using one or more of the logarithm rules.

9. $\log_5\left(\frac{12a}{2}\right) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

10. $\log_2\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

11. $\log_5\sqrt{x^5y} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

12. $\log_5\left(\frac{xy}{z}\right)^8 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

13. $\log_2\left(\frac{1-x}{y}\right)^3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

14. $\log_3\sqrt[5]{9x^3} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

15. $\log_3\sqrt[3]{2x^5} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

16. $\log_2\left(\frac{9x^{10}}{y^2}\right) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

17. $\log_2\left(\frac{4a}{5}\right) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

18. $\log_2\sqrt[3]{x^2a} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Write as a single logarithm.

19. $2 \log_3 10 - \log_3 4 =$ _____

20. $\frac{2}{3} \log_2 x + \log_2 y =$ _____

21. $\frac{1}{2} \log_5 x + \log_5 y =$ _____

22. $3 \log_3 x + 4 \log_3 y =$ _____

23. $6 \log_3 x + 2 \log_3 11 =$ _____

24. $4 \log_5 x - \log_5 y + \log_5 z =$ _____

25. $\frac{1}{2} \log_3 144 - \log_3 4 =$ _____

26. $\log_3 a + \log_3 b - 2 \log_3 c =$ _____

27. Let $\log_b 2 = x$, $\log_b 3 = y$ and $\log_b 5 = z$.

(a) What is the value of $\log_b 50$ in terms of x , y and z ?

(b) What is the value of $\log_b 3000$ in terms of x , y and z ?

28. Are $\log_2 16$ and $\log_4 64$ equal? Why or why not?

29. Correct the error

There is an error in the student work shown below.

Directions: Simplify $\log_2(6x)^5$.

$$\begin{aligned} \log_2(6x)^5 &= 5 \cdot \log_2(6 \cdot x) \\ &= 5 \cdot \log_2 6 + \log_2 x \\ &= 5 \log_2 6 + \log_2 x \end{aligned}$$

What is the error in the work above?

Answer Key

1. $5 \log_2 9 = 10 \log_2 3$

2. $\log_2 3 + \log_2 7$

3. $\log_5 19 - \log_5 2$

4. $\log_2 6 + \log_2 a$

5. $\log_3 x + \log_3 y$

6. $\log_5 a - \log_5 3$

7. $\log_3 5 + \log_3 y$

8. $10 \log_3 a$

9. $\log_5 6 + \log_5 a$

10. $5 (\log_2 a - \log_2 b)$

11. $\frac{1}{2} (5 \log_5 x + \log_5 y)$

12. $8 (\log_5 x + \log_5 y - \log_5 z)$

13. $3 (\log_2 (1 - x) - \log_2 y)$

14. $\frac{1}{5} (2 - 3 \log_3 x)$

15. $\frac{1}{3} (\log_3 2 - 5 \log_3 x)$

16. $2 \log_2 3 + 10 \log_2 x - 2 \log_2 y$

17. $2 + \log_2 a - \log_2 5$

18. $\frac{1}{3} (2 \log_2 x + \log_2 a)$

19. $\log_3 25$

20. $\log_2 (x^{2/3} y)$

21. $\log_5 (x^{1/2} y)$

22. $\log_3 (x^3 y^4)$

23. $\log_3 (121 x^6)$

24. $\log_5 \left(\frac{x^4 z}{y} \right)$

25. 1

26. $\log_5 \left(\frac{ab}{c^2} \right)$

27. (a) $x + y + z$; (b) $3(x + z) + y$

28. Yes; they are both equal to 4.

29. The student did not distribute the 5 to $\log_2 6$ and $\log_2 x$; the correct answer is $5(\log_2 6 + \log_2 x)$, or $5 \log_2 6 + 5 \log_2 x$.